



# PROBATION DEPARTMENT COUNTY OF SAN MATEO

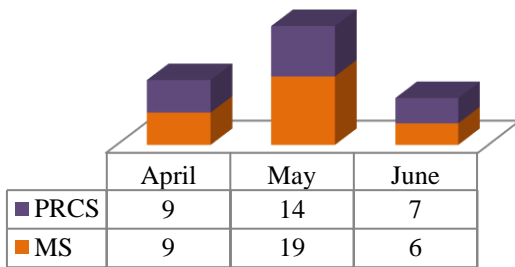
## Quarterly Post-Release Community and Mandatory Supervision Update April - June 2017: 64 New Supervisees

\*since realignment began in October 2011, there have been one thousand seven hundred and fifty-one (1751) supervisees.

### FY 2016-17 Fourth Quarter Highlights and Year-to-Date (YTD) totals:

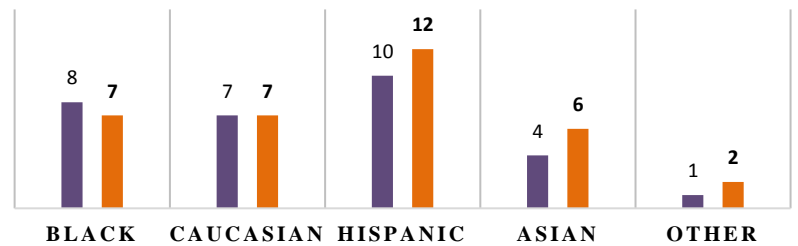
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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 64 new supervisees</li> <li>• PRCS supervisees outnumbered MS supervisees</li> <li>• 25% of supervisees live out of county (YTD: 24%)</li> <li>• 25% of supervisees were transient (YTD: 22%)</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 58 revocations were filed (YTD: 231)</li> <li>• 14% of violations were property crimes (YTD: 15%)</li> <li>• 26% of violations were drug/alcohol crimes (YTD: 23%)</li> <li>• 69% of terminations were successful (YTD: 73%)</li> </ul> |
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### PRCS and MS Released to SMC Supervision



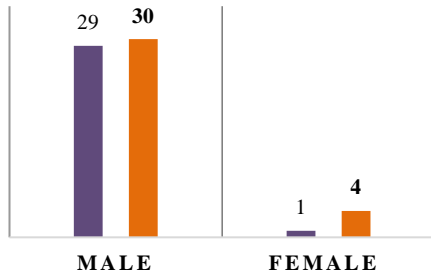
### RACE

■ PRCS ■ MS



### GENDER

■ PRCS ■ MS



### PRCS

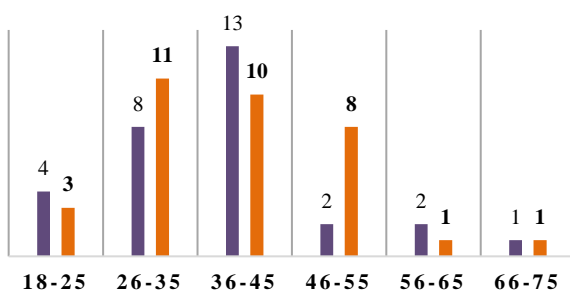
City of Residence	Number
South San Francisco	5
East Palo Alto	3
San Bruno	2
Redwood City	2
Daly City	1
Transient	10
San Francisco	3
Other County in State	4
<b>Total Supervisees</b>	<b>30</b>

### MS

City of Residence	Number
South San Francisco	3
Daly City	2
Menlo Park	2
Millbrae	1
Burlingame	1
San Bruno	1
Belmont	1
Foster City	1
San Mateo	1
East Palo Alto	1
Pacifica	1
Transient	8
San Francisco	4
Other County in State	7
<b>Total Supervisees</b>	<b>34</b>

### AGE

■ PRCS ■ MS



## Terminations, Revocations and Flashes

There were forty-two (42) terminations during the reporting period. Sixty-nine percent (69%) were successful.

Total # of Supervisees Successfully Terminated		Total # of Supervisees Unsuccessfully Terminated	
<b>PRCS – 19</b>	<b>MS – 10</b>	<b>PRCS – 4</b>	<b>MS – 9</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Early Terminations: 13</li> <li>• Normal Terminations: 9</li> </ul>			

In the reporting period, we filed a total of fifty-eight (58) revocations, with PRCS having thirty-one (31) and MS having twenty-seven (27) revocations. The breakdown by violation category is below:

Violation Type	PRCS	MS	% of Q4 Revocations	YTD %
Property	1	7	14%	15%
Drug/Alcohol	12	3	26%	23%
Crimes Against Persons	4	1	8%	8%
Technical	8	14	38%	41%
Other Crimes	6	2	14%	13%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>100%</b>	

Generally, the population is reoffending by committing crimes similar to those for which they are on Realignment, namely non-serious, non-violent, non-serious sex related crimes.

Thirty-eight percent (38%) of revocations were for technical violations. Technical violations of supervision are filed when supervisees abscond or fail to abstain from substance use. It is important to note that the Probation Department usually files formal revocations after lower sanctions have been attempted, including flash incarcerations for PRCS cases. However, at times, officers may decide that a formal revocation is more appropriate than utilizing lower sanctions, depending on the circumstances of the violation. Sixty percent (60%) of the revocations filed were for new law violations involving crimes against persons, property, drug/alcohol related crimes as well as other crimes.

There were thirty-seven (37) **flash incarcerations** during this reporting period.

There were no supervisees whose charges were reduced because of **Prop 47**.

There was one (1) PRCS and one (1) MS supervisees whose charges were reduced because of **Prop 64**.

Eight (8) cases were **transferred** to other counties for supervision.

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### Recidivism Definition

**San Mateo County:** Arrest and/or Charges Filed within 3 years of Last Incarceration in San Mateo County, including warrant arrests, PTA/Court Sentence but *excludes* PRCS flash incarcerations/Revocation, 647/849B1 (no charges filed) or dropped charges.

**Attorney General:** An arrest resulting in a charge within three years of an individual’s release from incarceration or placement on supervision for a previous criminal conviction

**BSSC:** A conviction of a new felony or misdemeanor committed within three years of release from custody or committed within three years of placement on supervision for a previous criminal conviction.



# San Mateo County Quarterly Realignment Bulletin



## Quarter 2: April-June 2017

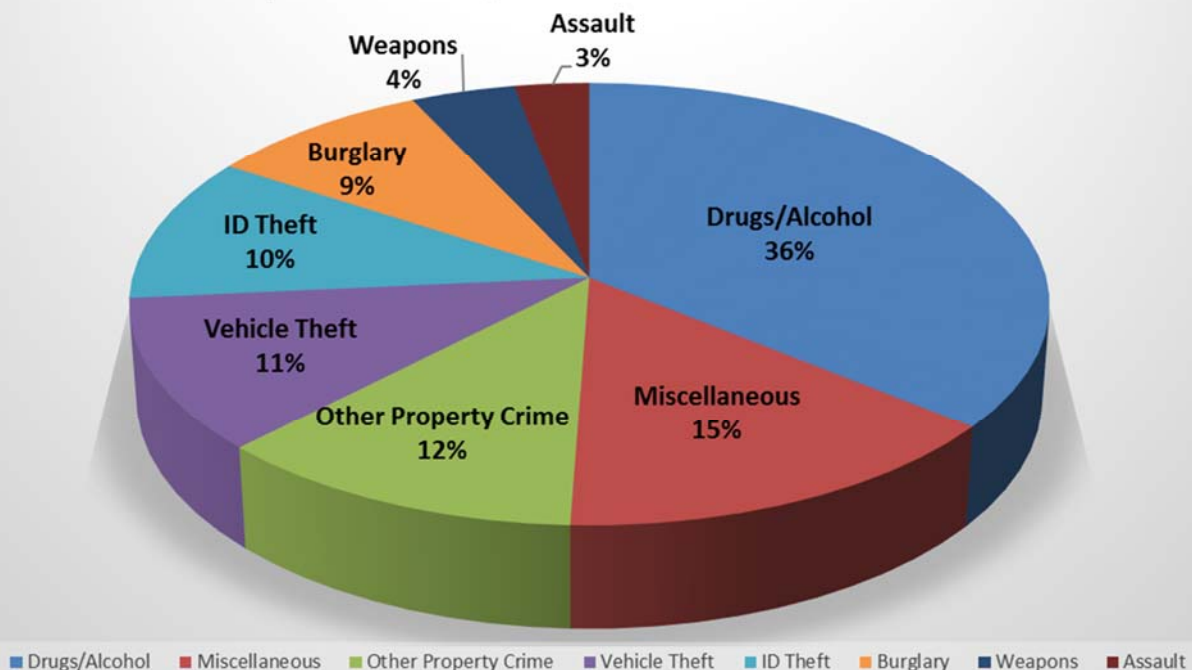
### Executive Summary:

Offenses committed by the supervised and in-custody realignment populations in San Mateo County during January-March (Q1) continue to show that this population commits drug and property crime offenses. There is no significant involvement in serious or violent crime.

### Overview:

During Q2 drug/alcohol offenses, miscellaneous, and other property crime emerged as the top 3 committing offenses for the realignment population (this includes the new supervised cases and in-custody realignment offenders). Please note that "miscellaneous" refers to a number of assorted offenses that do not amount to any one category. These offenses include but are not limited to: reckless evading, stalking, pimping & pandering, gang related offenses, and elder abuse. Other property crime refers to offenses such as grand theft, vandalism, and possession of stolen property, etc. *The data used for this analysis was derived from information provided by the San Mateo County Probation Department and data from the San Mateo County Jail.*

### San Mateo County Realignment Population Top Committing Offenses 2017 Q2, n= 170

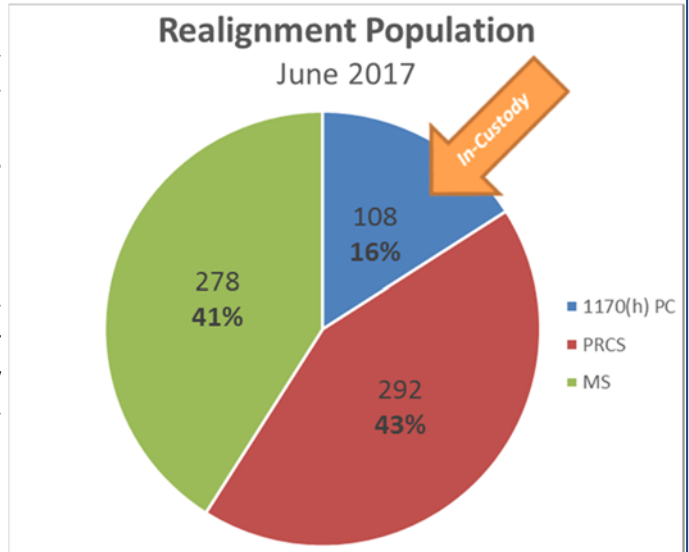


*Note: Although the reader may be inclined to correlate the top realignment offenses with actual crime trends, please be advised that the realignment population is a small population compared to the overall offender population in and out of custody.*

AB109: San Mateo County

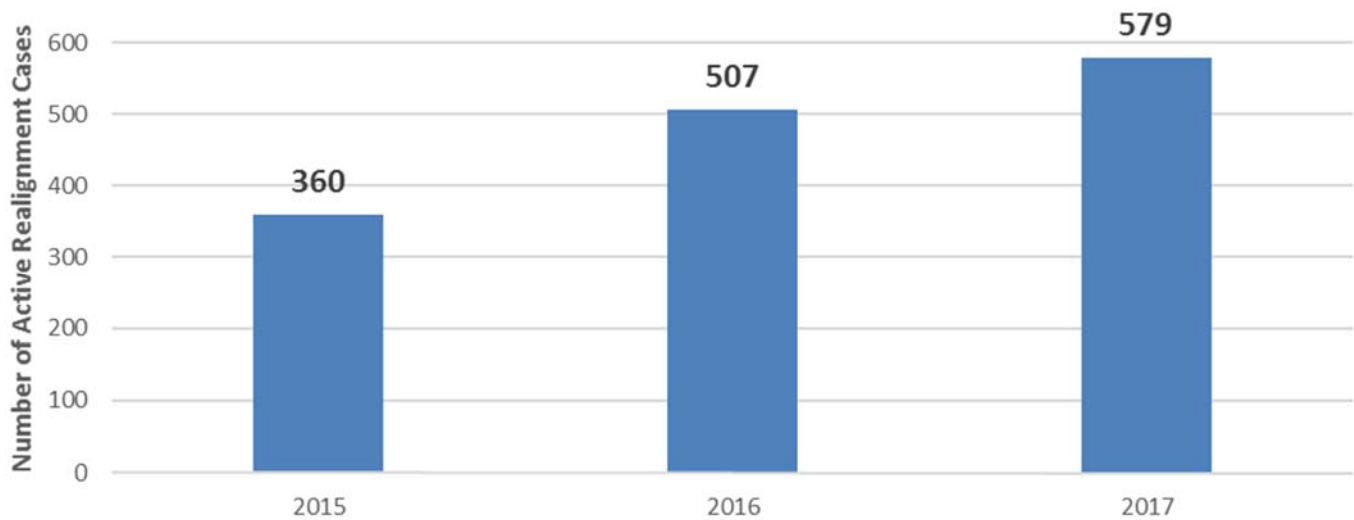
As of June 30, 2017, the entire realignment population in San Mateo County—both in and out of custody—consisted of approximately 678 offenders. The supervised realignment population in San Mateo County was made up of 292 subjects on Post Release Community Supervision (PRCS) and 278 subjects on Mandatory Supervision (MS). The in-custody (1170(h) PC) population consisted of 108 subjects.

The PRCS population only increased by 1, the Mandatory Supervision population remained steady and did not increase or decrease, and the in-custody (1170h) population increased by 5%. The **overall** population (including supervised and in-custody) increased 1% since last quarter. There has been no significant change in the size of the realignment population since the last reporting period.



However, in the last two years the **supervised** realignment population has steadily **increased**, both the MS and PRCS populations continue to grow. It is unknown what exactly is driving the increase in this population, however, it is possible that the impact of Prop 47 may be responsible. Analysis continues to show that realignment offenders generally commit drug and property-related offenses, and Prop 47 applies primarily to drug and property-related crimes. It is likely that realignment offenders are exploiting the lenient design of Prop 47.

### San Mateo County Supervised Realignment Population Quarter 2: 2015-2017



*Note: It is possible that there are a small number of offenders that may have been double counted depending on their in-custody or out-of-custody status at the time these numbers were generated. This data was obtained from different sources (probation, jail) and therefore may overlap slightly. However the preceding analysis provides a general picture of the San Mateo County realignment population.*

San Mateo County: *In Custody***Maguire Correctional Facility & Maple St. Correctional Center AB109 In-Custody Stats**

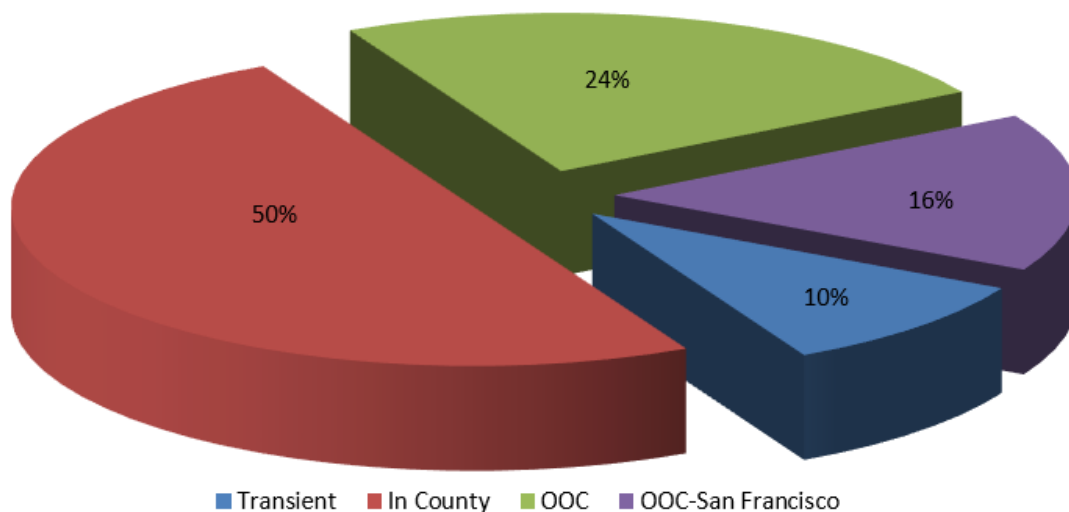
PC1170(h) New Sentenced Cases	2nd Quarter 2017	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2017
Number of new PC1170(h) cases:	62	45
Total PC1170(h) Days to Serve	11,051	7,375
Number of Split Sentences	27	15
Number of Straight Sentences	35	30
Average Length of Stay (ALOS) all cases <i>(after credits applied)</i>	178	164
Average Length of Stay (ALOS) straight sentences <i>(after credits applied)</i>	161	169
Average Length of Stay (ALOS) split sentences <i>(after credits applied)</i>	200	161

There was an increase of 37.8% in sentenced cases under PC1170(h) from the 1st quarter 2017 (45) to the 2nd quarter 2017 (62). Split sentences comprised 43.5% of the total sentenced, during the quarter and straight sentences were 56.5%. One out of the 62 sentenced cases were modifiable to a residential treatment program versus 2 the prior quarter.

**Demographics at Time of Booking**

- 50% (31) of the PC1170(h) offenders sentenced during the 2nd quarter of 2017 stated their residency as within San Mateo County. In comparison, last quarter 33% stated they lived in San Mateo County.
- 40% (25) gave an out of county address as their place of residency, 10 out of the 25 stated they were from San Francisco.
- 10% (6) indicated they were transient/homeless or no address was given.
- 92% (57) of the newly sentenced cases were men, 8% (5) were women. The number of women sentenced under PC1170(h) decreased from the prior quarter.
- Average age of those sentenced: 37

**City/County of Residency for PC1170(h) Sentenced  
During the 2nd Quarter of 2017**



San Mateo County: *In Custody*

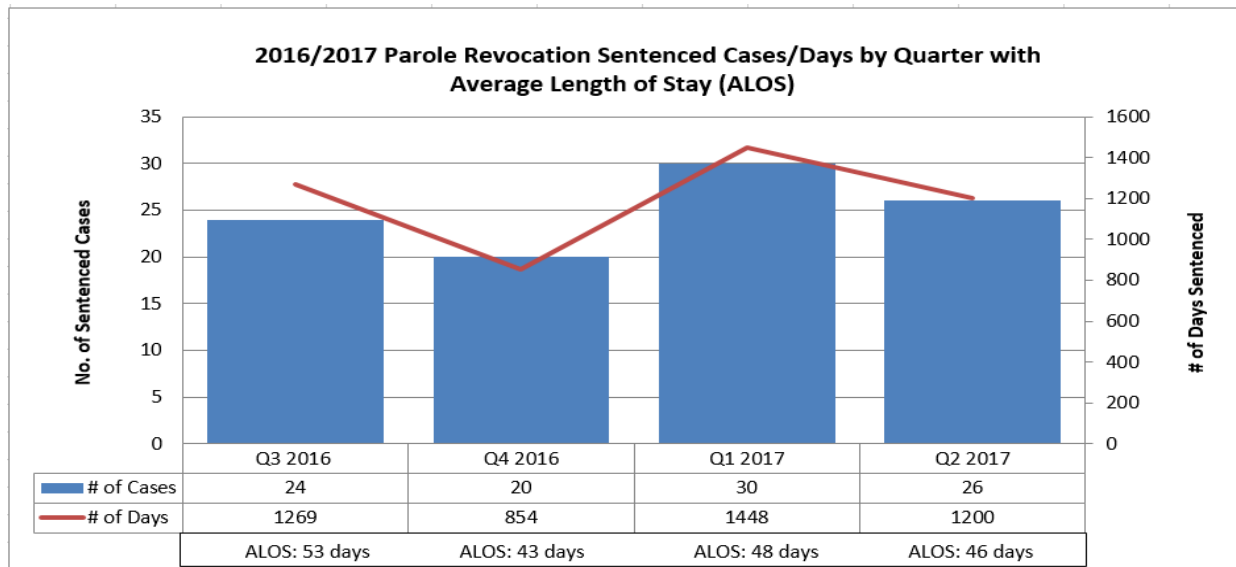
**Mandatory Supervision Revocation Cases (MSV)**

Mandatory Supervision Revocations	2nd Qtr. 2017	1 <sup>st</sup> Qtr. 2017
Number of MSV Cases:	21	17
Total MSV Revocation Days to Serve	1,857	2,263
Average Length of Stay	88	132

This offender population has been previously sentenced to a PC1170(h) split sentence. However, due to a violation they have been sentenced to serve the remainder of their time in county jail. **Note:** The first MSV case appeared in December of 2012.

The 2nd quarter of 2017 showed an increase in the number of sentenced MSV cases however, there was a decrease in the number of days to serve compared to the last quarter. The average length of stay this quarter was shorter by 44 days.

**Parole Revocation Sentenced Cases**



**Post Release Community Supervision Statistics in-Custody during Q2 2017**

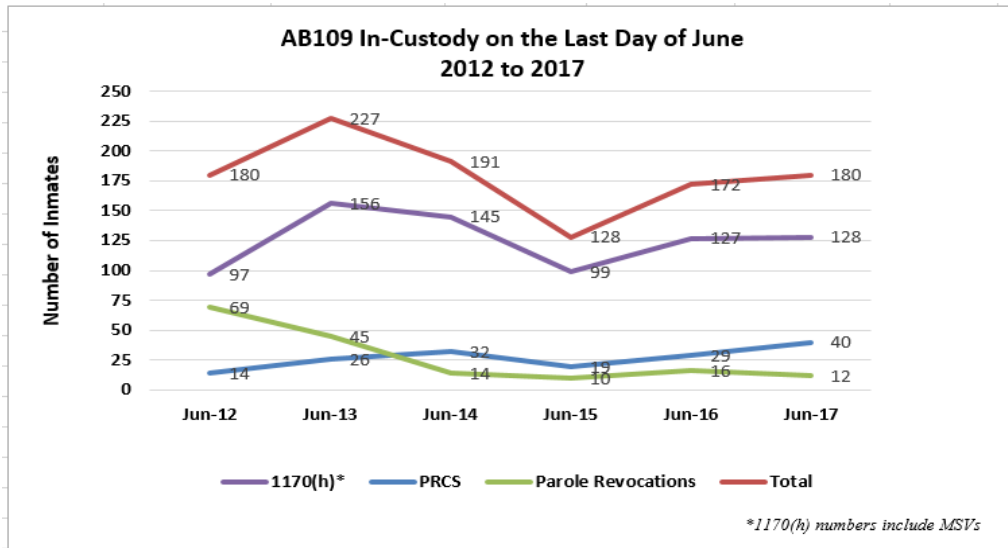
Post Release Community Supervision (PRCS)	2nd Qtr. 2017	1st Qtr. 2017
Total Number of New Local PRCS Bookings	79	67
Number of Flash Incarcerations Booked	41	34
Number of PRCS Revocations Booked	38	33
Number of PRCS Revocations Sentenced During the Quarter	23	27
Total Number of PRCS Revocation Days to Serve	1,105	1,364
Average Length of Stay for PRCS Revocation Sentences	48	51

The number of new PRCS bookings in Q2 has increased for the third consecutive quarter. The upward trend of new PRCS bookings correlates with the increased number of supervised cases discussed earlier in this report. There was a decrease in the number of sentenced PRCS revocation cases this quarter; with an average length of stay of 48 days in Q2 versus 51 in Q1.

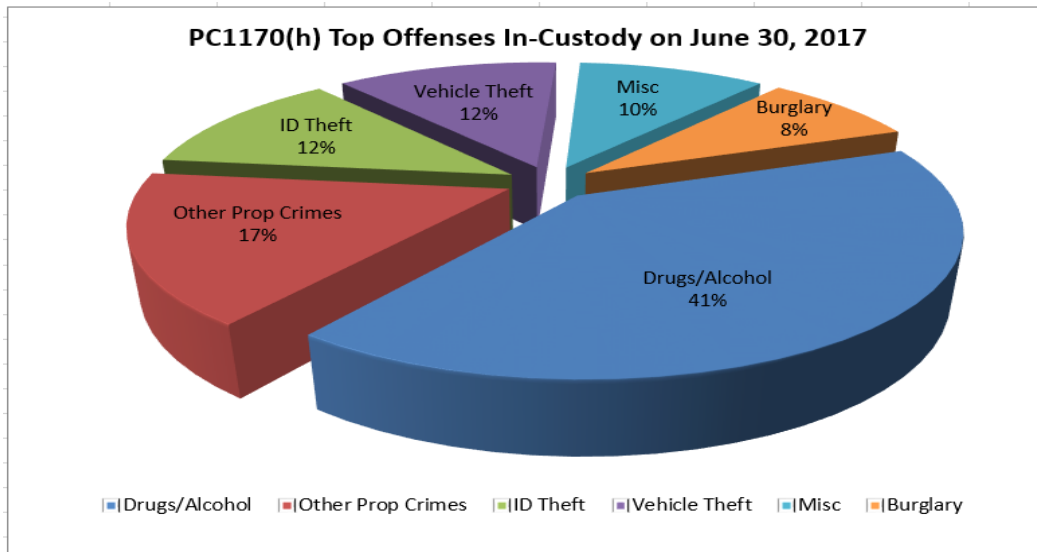
San Mateo County: *In Custody*

**AB109 In-Custody on the Last Day of the Quarter—June 30, 2017**

At the end of Q2 2017 the overall AB109 in-custody population was 17.9% of the total population compared to 16.7% on 3/31/2017. Two contributing factors to this increase were the number of mandatory revocation supervisees and PRCS revocations still in custody on June 30, 2017. Year over year comparison, the PC1170(h) population in-custody at the end of Q2 2017 increased since Q2 2016 by 4.6%. The PC1170(h) sentenced cases are the largest segment of the total AB109 population.



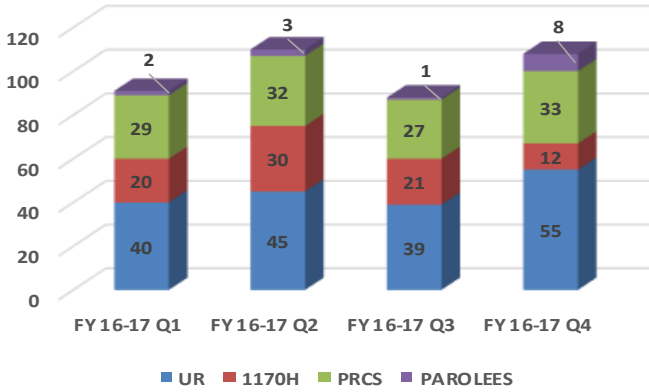
**Top Charges for the PC1170(h) Population**



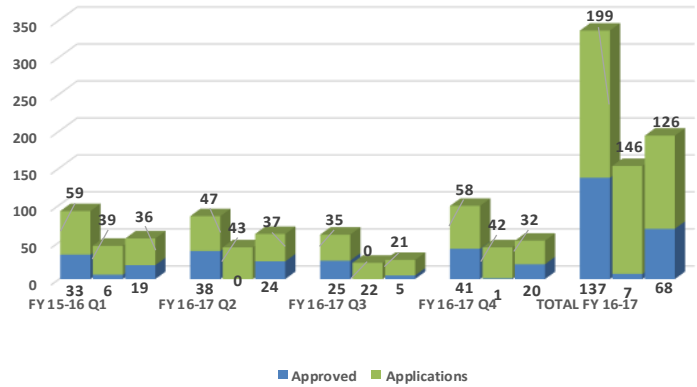
Analysis of the offenses committed by the 1170(h) population in-custody on June 30, 2017, serving their original sentences, shows that the top committing offenses include drug/alcohol offenses, other property crimes, identity theft, vehicle theft and burglary. The current top offenses have remained consistent with those reported for the last four quarters. However, during Q2 other property crimes which includes; buying or receiving stolen vehicle or equipment, vandalism of \$400 or more, etc. surpassed ID theft as the second highest offense over last quarter. Burglary crimes had the largest decrease, from 12% in Q1 to 8% in Q2.

The offense categories reflected in the pie chart include: possession of stolen property, grand theft, vandalism, larceny, forgery and counterfeiting, false impersonation, drugs—sales/possession/transport, bringing drugs/alcohol into the jail, unauthorized use of others ID and weapons charges.

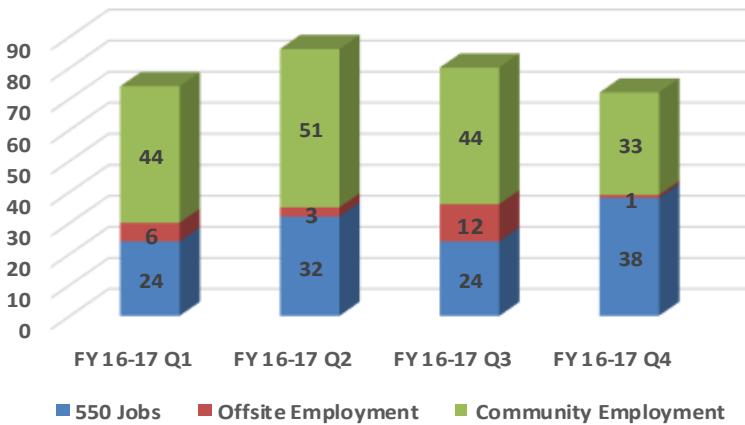
**NEW INTAKES BY QUARTER**  
FY 2016-2017



**BENEFITS BY QUARTER**  
FY 2016-2017



**JOB PLACEMENTS BY QUARTER**  
FY 2016-2017



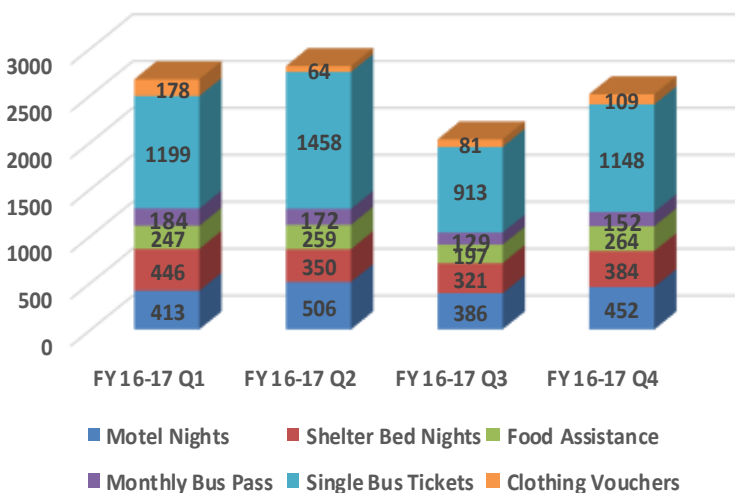
**FOURTH QUARTER, FY 2016-17**

**COMMUNITY EMPLOYMENT by TYPE OF BUSINESS**

General Labor	9
Restaurant/Food Services	8
Services(Automotive, Recreational, Electrical)	5
Moving Services	3
Retail	2
Internet	2
Non-profit	2
Transportation	1
Health & Wellness	1
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>33</b>

**Average Wage= \$13.96/hr.**

**SERVICES PROVIDED BY QUARTER**  
FY 2016-2017



**PEER SUPPORT SERVICES**

FY 2016-17	Q4
Clients served by Peer Mentors	<b>58</b>
Support Group Meetings	<b>12</b>
Family Events & Other Activities	<b>4</b>



# Service Connect HSA Dashboard

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*FY 16-17, Q4 (April 2017 – June 2017)*

## New Intakes

- There was a 23% increase in intakes from the 3<sup>rd</sup> to 4<sup>th</sup> quarter, totaling 108 intakes.
- Average caseload in the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter was 225.
- For FY 16-17, there were 397 intakes. AB109 had 204 or 51%, 179 Unified Re-entry or 45%, and 14 Parolees or 4%.
- From FY 15-16 to FY 16-17 there was an overall 16% increase in intakes, from 341 to 397.

## Eligibility/Benefits

- During 4<sup>th</sup> quarter 132 applications were processed, a 69% increase from 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter.
- For FY 16-17, highest applications received were for CalFresh which totaled 199. General Assistance came in next with 146, and MediCal had 126.
- Total applications for all programs of 471 was a 16% increase over FY 15-16's 405.
- Approvals increased by 4% in FY 16-17, from 204 approved applications in FY 15-16 to 212 approved in FY 16-17.

## Employment Services

- Placement in 550 Jobs! increased by 58% from the 3<sup>rd</sup> to the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter. The program's participation limit was extended from 3 to 6 months and hourly rate was raised from \$11 to \$12.
- Leading businesses that hired Service Connect clients in the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter were General Labor, Restaurant/Food, and Services such as automotive, recreational, and electrical.
- Average wage during the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter was \$13.96 an hour.
- For employment services in FY 16-17, we served 312 clients. 172 received unsubsidized employment, 118 received subsidized employment in VRS training program, and 22 were placed in offsite employment.
- Overall, engagement in employment services increased from 266 in FY 15-16 to 312 in FY 16-17.

## Services Provided

- Transportation was the most utilized supportive service in the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter, serving on average 93 clients. Food assistance served an average of 79 clients, shelter averaged 35 clients, and clothing averaged 33 clients.
- For FY 16-17, transportation remained the most requested service with an average of 97 clients per month.
- For housing support in FY 16-17, either motel or shelter bed services, we served an average of 34 clients per month. Food support averaged 70 clients per month and 28 clients received clothing support.
- In the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter, 105 clients received emergency housing support.

## Peer Support Services

- A total of 58 clients were served and supported by the Peer Mentors during the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter. Three major categories of services delivered were transportation, phone calls/check-ins, and face-to-face meetings. These services accounted for 81% of peer services received by clients during the quarter.
- There were 12 support group meetings held in the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter with a total of 32 clients who attended and an average of 6 attendees per meeting.
- A Graduation ceremony for those who completed Probation was held in April and a library tour was conducted on the same month. In May, an "Affordable Cooking Night" event was held at HSA's Catering Connection kitchen led by the Catering Connection Chef.

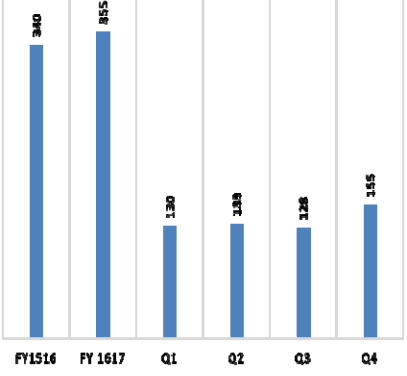
**At-A-Glance: All Time BHRS Referred/Served/Number of Services**

Total Referred = 1912 → Total Served = 976 → Total Services = 9058

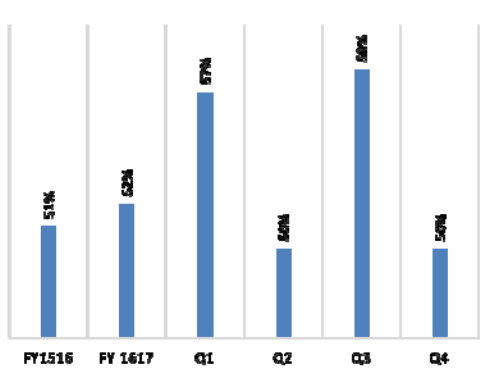
Top SUD Diagnosis: Amphetamine abuse and Opioid Dependence Tied  
Top MH Diagnosis: Psychotic Disorder NOS

**BHRS Service Connect Dashboard**  
FISCAL YEAR 2016-2017 Q4

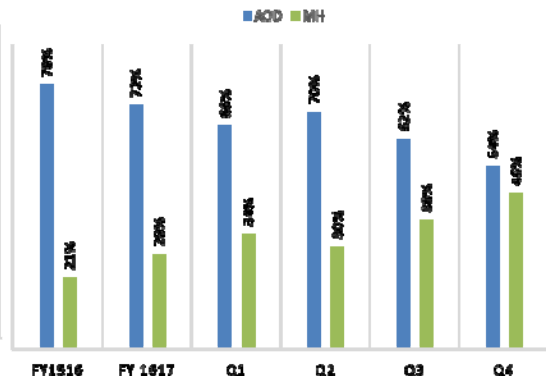
**Open Cases w/ a Service**



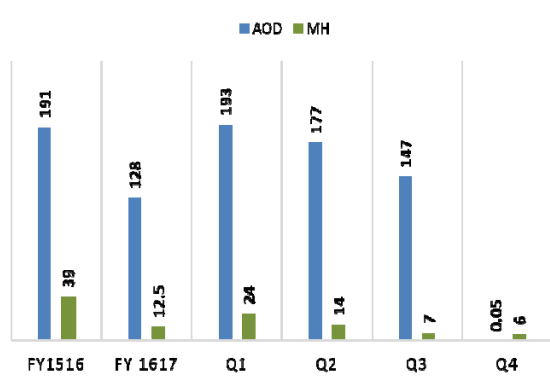
**Engaged Participants (≥4 Services)**



**Clients by Treatment Plan Type**

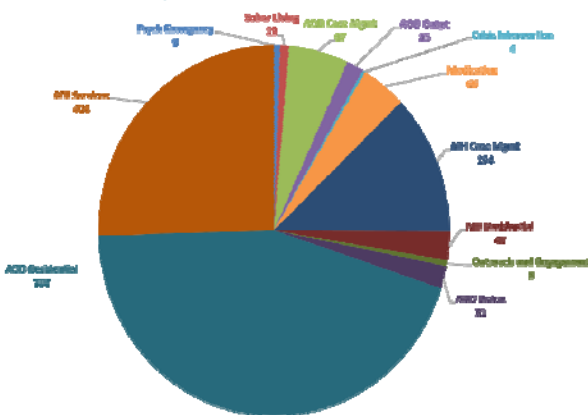


**Average Days in Treatment**

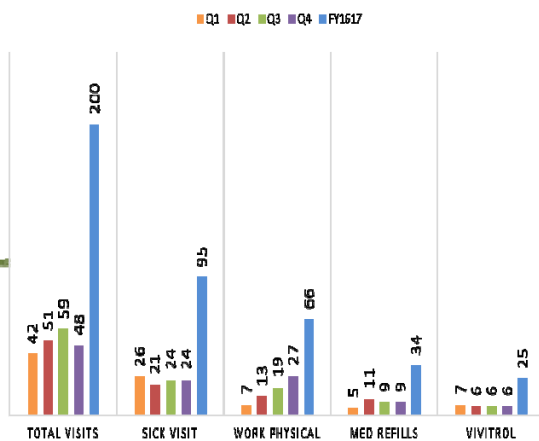


**Services Provided by Service Connect Treatment Partners:**

**MH/AOD Services**



**Mobile Health Van Services**



**Correctional Health Services**



**PES Services**

FY1516	• 29 Visits, 9 Inpatient
FY1617	• 35 Visits, 4 Inpatient
FY1617 Q1	• 2 Visits, 1 Inpatient
FY1617 Q2	• 7 Visits, 0 Inpatient
FY1617 Q3	• 17 Visits, 3 Inpatient
FY1617 Q4	• 9 Visits, 0 Inpatient

## Service Connect BHRS Dashboard

FISCAL YEAR 2016-2017 FOURTH QUARTER  
SUMMARY REPORT NARRATIVE



### AT-A-GLANCE: All Time Total BHRS Referred, Served, Number of Services, or Booking Encounter

The total number of participants referred to BHRS for treatment since the inception of the Service Connect is 1,912 and of these, 976 entered into treatment and/or recovery plans (these participants were served by BHRS and is a lower number because not all assessments result in treatment). Referred is defined as participants showing up for the first post-referral appointment and does not include those referred, but who did not follow through on the referral. This graphic also represents the total number of services (both mental health and substance use treatment) provided to participants between FY 16/17 Q1 and FY 16/17 Q4. Service type detail for the fourth quarter is presented in the pie chart at the bottom of the dashboard. The number of services has generally grown as compared to previous quarters.

### Service Connect Cases with a Service

This graph represents total Service Connect participants that received at least one BHRS service. The numbers do include participants that continued from quarter to quarter, so a participant could be counted more than once in each quarter if their case was open across multiple fiscal quarters. Therefore, this graph indicates the total open cases from the previous quarters for reference, the total open cases as of the second quarter, and the newly open cases for the third quarter of this fiscal year.

### Engaged Participants with Four or More Services in a Year

“Engaged” is defined as a participant that has received four or more services. This means that the participant has returned to BHRS for multiple appointments regarding different services, which demonstrates that the participant is engaged in treatment because they actively participate. The current report generally reflects a reduction in engagement from Q3 to Q4, but overall a 1% increase from FY1516 to FY1617.

### Percent of Participants with Substance Abuse Recovery Plan or a Mental Health Treatment Plan

This graph presents what percentage of Service Connect participants who had a mental health treatment plan or a substance abuse recovery plan. Recovery plans are typically at a rate of two to one as compared to a mental health treatment plan. However, trends in the fourth quarter show to have a growth in mental health services, the highest of all quarters this 2016/17 fiscal year. It should be noted that co-occurring participants are not represented.

### Average Days in Treatment In and Post Custody

This graph shows the average days a patient spends receiving treatment for Alcohol and Other Drugs, as well as Mental Health Services. You can see there has been a trending dip in MH services and an increase in AOD services. It should be noted that in Q4, AOD services are marked as “0.5”. This is due to a technical error in the data processing. This number will be updated once the technical error has been fixed.

### Mental Health and Alcohol & Other Drugs Services Provided by Service Connect

This pie chart reports mental health and substance abuse treatment services provided by BHRS to Service Connect participants for the fourth quarter. The top five services utilized in order are: Alcohol and Drugs Residential, Alcohol and Other Drugs Intensive Outpatient, Mental Health Services, Mental Health Case Management, and Alcohol and Other Drugs Methadone services.

### Mobile Health Van Services

This graph shows data for all four quarters for Mobile Health. Notable changes for the fourth quarter are a decrease in the total number of visits, an increase in work related physicals, and the medically fragile cases, sick visits, & Vivitrol remained similar since the previous quarter.

### Correctional Health Services

Correctional Health data presents the total participants that flow through Correctional Health in each quarter, the number of participants screened, the number treated medically, for mental illness, and for substance abuse.

### Service Connect Cases with PES Counts

A Psychiatric Emergency Services (PES) count is when a Service Connect participant has presented themselves at PES. Those participants that were not admitted are shown as a “visit” and those admitted are shown as “inpatient.” Involvement with PES is only counted if enrolled in Service Connect, counts do not include episodes when subject was not a participant in Service Connect. The fourth quarter shows a significant decrease in visits compared to the increase in the third quarter. As for the fiscal year, FY1617 shows an increase in visits, but a decrease in inpatient admittance.

Contact Scott Gruendl, BHRS Assistant Director, for further information at 650-573-2491